

SatView[™] Data I/O Device Driver Development

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Document Change Log

Issue	Revision	Date	Affected	Reason for change
1	1	March 2011	All	New document
1	2	November 2012	3.1.2.	Added 'IsLocal() CONST' function
1	3	May 2013	3.1.2.	Added ' <i>ReadOnly</i> ' argument to the
				'Configure ()' function
1	4	March 2014	3.1.2.	Added 'nAllowedTypes' argument to
				the 'Configure () ' function
1	5	May 2015	3.1.2.	Modified the prototypes for the
				'Initialize()', 'Send()' and
				'Receive () ' procedures



1. Introduction

SatView[™] exposes important interfaces to third-party developers which allow an effective customization of the product.

The following areas can be subject of such an extension:

• Data I/O

Writing data I/O device drivers can make SatView[™] compatible to any available TM/TC front-end equipment.

Database

Multiple database standards can be supported by developing database drivers which make a migration of SatView[™] to new missions possible in a flexible way.

• Automation

Offers an interface to all automation services of SatView[™]; ideal for the integration into complex and highly automated ground segments.

This document focuses on the development of data I/O device drivers.

2. Interface Architecture

By exposing important interfaces to third-party developers customers can adapt SatView[™] to their current environment in a flexible way:



Figure 2.1. – SatView[™] Interfaces



The work includes the development of an interface driver in form of a *Dynamic Link Library* (DLL) for the Data I/O and the database; the automation is performed though XML-formatted requests via TCP/IP.

3. Abstract Interface Classes

The interface specification is implemented via C++ abstract base classes exposing the interface through virtual member functions. This approach has the advantage that SatViewTM does not have to care about any device specifics because they are encapsulated by the DLL.

3.1. The CIODevice Abstract Base Class

Any data I/O device driver to be written for SatView[™] must be derived from the base class called **CIODevice**.

This chapter hereinafter explains the various member functions, types and flags involved with this class.

3.1.1. Non-virtual Functions

The functions listed here do not need to be implemented in any derived class. They provide the basic functionality of the data I/O device driver.

BOOL **Open** (LPCTSTR *pszName*, LPCTSTR *pszDeviceBrand*)

Opens the data I/O device driver.

Parameters:

pszName

Specifies the location of the data I/O device driver DLL.

pszDeviceBrand

Identifies the brand of the device to be opened.

Mote:

Some drivers support multiple types of devices within the same DLL and this argument specifies which one to open.

Return Value:

Indicates if the data I/O device driver DLL could be loaded and the specified device was opened successfully.



BOOL Open()

Re-opens the data I/O device driver.

Mote:

The function can only be used if the data I/O device driver was successfully opened before.

Return Value:

Indicates if the data I/O device driver was re-opened successfully.

BOOL IsOpen() CONST

Checks if the data I/O device driver is already open.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the data I/O device driver is currently open; FALSE if not.

VOID Close()

Closes the data I/O device driver.

Return Value:

None

VOID **SetDeviceBrand (**LPCTSTR *pszDeviceBrand*)

Sets the brand name for the device currently open.

Mote:

A data I/O device driver can support multiple devices of a certain brand differentiated by a unique name.

Parameters:

pszDeviceBrand

Contains the brand name to be set for the device.

Return Value:

None

CString GetDeviceBrand() CONST

Gets the brand name for the current device.

Return Value:

Returns the brand name of the device as a string.



VOID SetDeviceName (LPCTSTR pszDeviceName)

Sets the name for the device currently open.

Mote:

A data I/O device driver can support multiple devices of a certain brand.

Parameters:

pszDeviceName

Contains the name to be set for the currently open device.

Return Value:

None

CString GetDeviceName() CONST

Gets the name for the current device.

Return Value:

Returns the device name as a string.

VOID **SetDeviceModule** (LPCTSTR *pszDeviceModule*)

Sets the file path of the data I/O device driver DLL.

Parameters:

pszDeviceModule Contains the path name of the DLL.

Return Value:

None

CString GetDeviceModule() CONST

Gets the file path of the data I/O device driver DLL.

Return Value:

Returns the path name of the DLL as a string.



VOID SetDeviceProperties (CONST CByteArray & nDeviceData)

Associates device specific data with the device currently open.

Parameters:

nDeviceData

Contains the device specific serialized data.

Return Value:

None

INT GetDeviceProperties (CByteArray &nDeviceData) CONST

Gets the device specific data of the current device.

Parameters:

nDeviceData

Contains the device specific serialized data.

Return Value:

Returns the size (in bytes) of the returned data.

```
VOID SetDeviceSecurity(CONST CStringArray &szUsers,
CONST CUINtArray &nCodes,
CONST CTimeKeyArray &tStartTimes,
CONST CTimeKeyArray &tStopTimes)
```

Specifies the security policy for the device currently open.

Parameters:

szUsers

Contains a list of clients for which an access policy is specified.

Mote:

Each of these entries must consist of the client display name and IP address separated by an end-of-line character.

nCodes

Specifies the access policy for each of the clients:



Security Policy Table:

Policy	Description
IODEVICE_SECURITY_UNLIMITEDACCESS	A client receives unlimited access to
	the services of the device.
IODEVICE_SECURITY_RESTRICTEDACCESS	Any access to the device is restricted
	to the time between tStartTime and
	tStopTime for the client.
IODEVICE_SECURITY_DENIEDACCESS	The client cannot make use of the
	device's services.
IODEVICE_SECURITY_AUDITACCESS	Requests an event message to be
	issued whenever a client logs-in or
	logs-out.
	🗹 Note:
	This flag can be combined with one
	of the above ones.

tStartTimes

Contains a list of access start times.

Mote:

This argument is only applicable when the

IODEVICE_SECURITY_RESTRICTEDACCESS policy is specified. Use 0 in all other cases.

tStopTimes

Contains a list of access stop times.

Mote:

This argument is only applicable when the

IODEVICE_SECURITY_RESTRICTEDACCESS policy is specified. Use 0 in all other cases.

Return Value:

None



```
INT GetDeviceSecurity(CStringArray &szUsers,
CUIntArray &nCodes,
CTimeKeyArray &tStartTimes,
CTimeKeyArray &tStopTimes) CONST
```

Retrieves the security policy for the current device.

Parameters:

szUsers

Contains a list of clients for which an access policy is specified.

Motes:

- Each of these entries consists of the client display name and IP address separated by an end-of-line character.
- An empty entry combined with the IODEVICE_SECURITY_UNLIMITEDACCESS policy indicates that any client not part of the list receives full access to the device.

nCodes

Specifies the access policy for each of the clients.

🗹 Notes:

See above for all options available.

tStartTimes

Contains a list of access start times.

Mote:

This argument is only applicable when the

IODEVICE_SECURITY_RESTRICTEDACCESS policy is specified. Use 0 in all other cases.

tStopTimes

Contains a list of access stop times.

Mote:

This argument is only applicable when the

IODEVICE_SECURITY_RESTRICTEDACCESS policy is specified. Use 0 in all other cases.

Return Value:

Returns the number of entries in the device security list.



BOOL **MonitorDeviceLogins (**UINT *nMask=*0, IODEVICELOGINSPROCEDURE *pLoginProcedure=*NULL, LPVOID *pData=*NULL)

Installs a callback procedure for all client activities on the current device.

Parameters:

nMask

Specifies the type of activity to be monitored:

Activity	Description
	The supplied callback procedure will be
	called whenever a client logs-in.
IODEVICE_LOGIN_FAILURE	All denied log-ins will be notified.
IODEVICE_LOGOUT_SUCCESS	A call to the supplied procedure will always
	take place when a client logs-out.
IODEVICE_LOGINOUT_AUDIT	Indicates that an event message should be
	issued.
0	Disables the client activity monitoring.

Mote:

All activity flags (except 0) can be combined with each other.

pLoginProcedure

Specifies the callback procedure to be called for all specified client activities. The supplied procedure must conform to the following syntax:

VOID (CALLBACK *) (UINT nFlags, LPCTSTR pszClient, LPVOID pData);
ta

pData

Contains a pointer to the **CIODevice**-derived class calling the *pLoginProcedure* procedure.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the client activity can be monitored; FALSE if not.



BOOL MonitorDeviceDataStream(UINT nMask=0,

CONST CTimeSpan &tInterval=0,

IODEVICEDATASTREAMPROCEDURE pDataStreamProcedure=NULL, LPVOID pData=NULL)

Installs a callback procedure for all data stream events on the current device.

Parameters:

nMask

Specifies the type of data stream events to be monitored:

Event	Description
IODEVICE_DATASTREAM_DROP	 The supplied callback procedure will be called whenever the device detects a drop in the data stream. Note: A gap in the data stream is considered as such when no data is received for a period longer than specified by <i>tInterval</i>.
IODEVICE_DATASTREAM_RECONNECTED	A notification will be performed when the data stream is resumed after a drop.
IODEVICE_DATASTREAM_DELAYED	Clients of the data I/O device may temporarily be overloaded; a situation which can be signaled if desired. I Note: A delay is defined by the difference between the data stream time and the system time and specified by <i>tInterval</i> .
IODEVICE_DATASTREAM_BACKINTIME	Requests a notification whenever a period of delayed data delivery is terminated.
0	Disables the data stream event monitoring.



tInterval

Specifies a time interval (in seconds).

Mote:

The argument must be set to a value > 0 s when the

IODEVICE_DATASTREAM_DROP or IODEVICE_DATASTREAM_DELAYED notification events are requested. Call the **MonitorDeviceDataStream** procedure twice if both callbacks should be installed.

pDataStreamProcedure

Specifies the callback procedure to be called for all specified data stream events. The supplied procedure must conform to the following syntax:

VOID (CALLBACK *) (UINT *nFlags*, TIMEKEY *tInterval*, LPVOID *pData*) *pData*

Contains a pointer to the CIODevice-derived class calling the

pDataStreamProcedure procedure.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the data stream events can be monitored; FALSE if not.

BOOL **MonitorDeviceDataBuffers**(HANDLE & *hInBuffer*, HANDLE & *hOutBuffer*)

Sets the event handles for the input and output buffers of the device.

Mote:

The supplied handles get signaled when data is available in the corresponding buffers. Using handles is strongly recommended because it is more efficient than performing polling.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the handles could be set; FALSE if not.

BOOL ShowDeviceStatus (LPCTSTR pszStatus, UINT nStatus)

Shows the current status of the device.

Parameters:

pszStatus

Specifies the current status of the device.

🗹 Note:

This status indication text is device specific should not be longer than 16 characters.



nStatus

Specifies the current status of the device in a numerical form:

Status	Description
IODEVICE_STATUS_GOOD	The device is in a healthy state.
IODEVICE_STATUS_WARNING	A warning condition occurred.
IODEVICE_STATUS_ERROR	A major failure has been encountered.
IODEVICE_STATUS_CONNECTED	The device is physically connected.
IODEVICE_STATUS_NOTCONNECTED	No connection has been established or
	is disconnected.
IODEVICE_STATUS_ONLINE	The device is scheduled to be in-service.
IODEVICE_STATUS_OFFLINE	No services should be provided by the
	device.

Mote:

- The numerical status should reflect the one indicated by *pszStatus* as close as possible
- The status IODEVICE_STATUS_GOOD is mutual exclusive with IODEVICE_STATUS_WARNING and IODEVICE_STATUS_ERROR
- IODEVICE_STATUS_CONNECTED cannot be used with IODEVICE_STATUS_NOTCONNECTED
- IODEVICE_STATUS_ONLINE and IODEVICE_STATUS_OFFLINE cannot be used together

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the device status could be set; FALSE if not.

BOOL **ShowDeviceMessage** (LPCTSTR *pszMessage*, UINT *nMessageType*=IODEVICE_MESSAGETYPE_ERROR)

Shows a device specific message.

Parameters:

pszMessage

Contains the message.





nMessageType

Specifies the severity of the message:

Message Severity Table:

Severity	Description
IODEVICE_MESSAGETYPE_INFORMATIONAL	The message has an informational
	character.
IODEVICE_MESSAGETYPE_SUCCESS	A successful event is reported by
	the message.
IODEVICE_MESSAGETYPE_WARNING	The message contains a warning.
IODEVICE_MESSAGETYPE_ERROR	An error is reported by the
	message.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the message could be shown; FALSE if not.

CIODevice *GetIODevice() CONST

Returns a pointer to the device currently open.

Return Value:

Returns the pointer to the **CIODevice**-derived class.

3.1.2. Virtual Functions

The virtual functions make up the actual interface between the physical device and SatView[™]. They have to be implemented.

virtual BOOL Start()

Starts the operation of the I/O device driver.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the I/O device driver could be started successfully; FALSE if not.

virtual BOOL Suspend()

Suspends the operation of the I/O device driver.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the I/O device driver could be suspended; FALSE if not.



virtual BOOL IsSuspended() CONST

Checks if the I/O device driver is in a suspended state.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the I/O device driver is in a suspended state; FALSE if not.

virtual BOOL Resume()

Resumes the operation of the I/O device driver when in a suspended state.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the I/O device driver could be resumed successfully; FALSE if not.

virtual BOOL Stop()

Stops the operation of the I/O device driver.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the I/O device driver could be stopped; FALSE if not.

Configures the I/O device driver.

Parameters:

pParentWnd

Specifies the parental window of the I/O device driver configuration dialog box.

🗹 Note:

Specifying NULL as argument value uses the desktop as parent.

nAllowedTypes

Specifies the type of the device to be configured.

☑ Note:

Specify either the IODEVICE_TYPE_CLIENT flag or both.

bReadOnly

Specifies if the I/O device driver configuration dialog box is to be used in read-only (browse) mode.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the I/O device driver configuration was completed by pushing the OK button; FALSE if not.



virtual BOOL Initialize(UINT nFlags=IODEVICE_TYPE_CLIENT |
 IODEVICE_SERVICE_TM | IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_SOURCEPACKETS,
 CONST CTimeSpan &tDataDrop=0,
 CONST CTimeSpan &tDataDelay=0,
 IODEVICESTATUSPROCEDURE pStatusProcedure=NULL,
 IODEVICEDATASTATUSPROCEDURE pDataStatusProcedure=NULL,
 IODEVICEMESSAGEPROCEDURE pMessageProcedure=NULL)

Initializes the I/O device driver and prepares it for operation.

Parameters:

nFlags

Specifies the type of I/O device driver requested including the desired data service:

Flags	Description
IODEVICE_TYPE_SERVER	The I/O device driver should act as
	a server.
	🗹 Note:
	This mode may not be
	implemented by some drivers.
IODEVICE_TYPE_CLIENT	The I/O device driver should
	implement client functionality.
IODEVICE_SERVICE_TM	The service is requested to handle
	telemetry data.
IODEVICE_SERVICE_TC	The service is requested to handle
	telecommand data.
IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_RAW	The data transferred should be in a
	raw (serialized) format.
IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_TRANSFERFRAMES	Transfer frames are requested as
	transmission format.
	🗹 Note:
	See the CTMTransferFrame &
	CTCFransferFrame classes for
	more information.





I/O Device Driver Capability Flags (continued)

IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_SOURCEPACKETS	The data exchange should take place on the basis of source packets. I Note: See the CTMUnit & CTCUnit classes for more information.
IODEVICE_PROTOCOL_PFLP	 The Packet Front-End Link Protocol (PFLP) should be used for the data exchange. Note: If this flag is not specified, any other protocol implemented by the I/O device driver will be used.

🗹 Note:

- IODEVICE_TYPE_SERVER and IODEVICE_TYPE_CLIENT are mutual exclusive flags
- The flags IODEVICE_SERVICE_TM and IODEVICE_SERVICE_TC cannot be used together
- Specify either IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_RAW, IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_TRANSFERFRAMES or IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_SOURCEPACKETS as the requested data service
- The IODEVICE_PROTOCOL_PFLP flag is required only if the use of the Packet Front-End Protocol (PFLP) is mandatory

tDataDrop

Specifies the minimum time interval with no data transfer activity considered to be a drop.

☑ Note:

This argument is used when the IODEVICE_SERVICE_TM flag is specified; it may be 0 for any other service.

tDataDelay

Specifies the maximum time delay allowed (in seconds) for out-of-band data (e.g. high-priority data).

☑ Note:

This argument is used when the IODEVICE_SERVICE_TM flag is specified; it may be 0 for any other service.



pStatusProcedure

Supplies the address of a device status indication procedure to be called when the status changes.

The supplied procedure must conform to the following syntax:

VOID (CALLBACK *) (LPCTSTR pszStatus, UINT nStatus)

🗹 Note:

Consult the **ShowDeviceStatus** function for the possible argument values. *pDataStatusProcedure*

Specifies the callback procedure to be called for all data status events.

The supplied procedure must conform to the following syntax:

VOID (CALLBACK *) (INT *nDataID*, UINT *nStatus*, BOOL *bSuccess*)

The variable *nDataID* identifies the data to which the provided status applies. It is identical to the return value of the **Send(...)** procedure.

The values for *nStatus* can be (a combination) of:

Status	Description
IODEVICE_DATASTATUS_SENT	The data identified by <i>nDataID</i> was sent
	successfully to the destination device (if
	<i>bSuccess</i> =TRUE).
IODEVICE_DATASTATUS_PROCESSED	The data identified by <i>nDataID</i> was
	processed successfully at the destination
	device (if <i>bSuccess</i> =TRUE).

pMessageProcedure

Supplies the address of a procedure handling (i.e. showing) the device messages issued by the I/O device driver.

The supplied procedure must conform to the following syntax:

VOID (CALLBACK *) (LPCTSTR pszMessage,UINT nMessageType)

🗹 Note:

Consult the **ShowDeviceMessage** function for the possible argument values.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the I/O device driver could be initialized with the requested flags; FALSE if not.



virtual BOOL Update(CONST CIODevice *pDevice,BOOL &bRestart)

Updates the I/O device driver with the configuration of another one and returns an indication if a restart is required to apply the changes.

Parameters:

pDevice

Contains the pointer to another open I/O device driver those configuration should be copied.

bRestart

<u>In</u>: Directs the procedure to restart the I/O device driver automatically (when required) if set to TRUE.

<u>Out</u>: Indicates if a restart is required to make any changes apply (when FALSE was specified as input value) or if a restart has taken place (when TRUE on input)

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the I/O device driver configuration was updated successfully; FALSE if not.

```
virtual INT Send(CONST CByteArray &nData)
virtual INT Send(CONST CTMTransferUnit &cTMTransferUnit)
virtual INT Send(CONST CTCTransferUnit &cTCTransferUnit)
virtual INT Send(CONST CTMUnit &cTMUnit)
virtual INT Send(CONST CTCUnit &cTCUnit)
```

Sends the supplied data via the I/O device driver to the physical device in a non-blocking way.

🗹 Note:

The **Send** procedure used to transmit data must correspond with the flags specified during the **Initialize** call i.e. the flag IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_RAW implies the use of the first overloaded procedure, IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_TRANSFERFRAMES requires either the second or third one to be used (depending on IODEVICE_SERVICE_TM or IODEVICE_SERVICE_TC). The same applies for the latter two procedures that can only be used when the IODEVICE DATASERVICE SOURCEPACKETS flag was specified previously.



Parameters:

```
nData
Contains the data to be transmitted in a serialized format.
cTMTransferUnit
cTCTransferUnit
Supplies the data as a transfer frame.
cTMUnit
cTCUnit
```

Supplies the data as a source packet.

Return Value:

Returns a data identification number >= 0 if the I/O device driver could add the data to the output buffer; -1 if not. The returned number is identical to the one provided by the *nDataID* argument of the callback procedure *pDataStatusProcedure* specified by **Initialize(**...**)**.

```
virtual BOOL Receive(CByteArray &nData)
virtual BOOL Receive(CTMTransferUnit &cTMTransferUnit)
virtual BOOL Receive(CTCTransferUnit &cTCTransferUnit)
virtual BOOL Receive(CTMUnit &cTMUnit)
virtual BOOL Receive(CTCUnit &cTCUnit)
```

Retrieves data from the I/O device driver input buffer in a non-blocking way.

The **Receive** procedure used must correspond with the flags specified during the **Initialize** call (see above).

Parameters:

```
nData
Returns the data in a serialized format.
cTMTransferUnit
```

```
cTCTransferUnit
```

Retrieves the data as a transfer frame.

```
cTMUnit
cTCUnit
```

Retrieves the data as a source packet.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the data could be retrieved in the requested format; FALSE if not.



virtual BOOL Clear (BOOL bAll=TRUE)

Clears the input or output buffers of the I/O device driver.

Parameters:

bAll

Indicates if all buffers should be cleared or not.

If FALSE is specified, only the output buffers are cleared when the I/O device driver acts as a server or the input buffers when operating as a client.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the specified buffers could be cleared; FALSE if not.

virtual BOOL SetStatus(LPCTSTR pszStatus)

Sets the status of the current device.

Parameters:

pszStatus

Specifies the current status of the device.

Mote:

This status indication text is device specific should not be longer than 16 characters.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the device status could be set; FALSE if not.

virtual CString GetStatus() CONST

Gets the current status of the device.

Return Value:

Returns the current device status as a string.

virtual BOOL SetStatusIndication(UINT nStatus)

Sets the status of the device in a numerical form.

Parameters:

nStatus

Specifies the current status of the device in a numerical form.

Mote:

- The numerical status should reflect the textual status as close as possible
- See the procedure **ShowDeviceStatus** for all allowed values

Return Value:

Returns the TRUE if the device status could be set; FALSE if not.



virtual UINT GetStatusIndication() CONST

Gets the status of the device in a numerical form.

Return Value:

Returns the current device status as a numerical value.

Mote:

See the procedure **ShowDeviceStatus** for all values that may be returned.

virtual UINT GetCapabilities() CONST

Gets the capabilities of the I/O device driver.

Mote:

This function can be used to choose the way how the I/O device driver should operate. The flags returned are identical to those required by the **Initialize** function.

Return Value:

Returns the capabilities of the I/O device driver:

Flags	Description
IODEVICE_TYPE_SERVER	The I/O device driver can act as a server.
IODEVICE_TYPE_CLIENT	The I/O device driver can operate as a
	client.
IODEVICE_SERVICE_TM	Telemetry data can be handled.
IODEVICE_SERVICE_TC	Telecommand data can be handled.
IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_RAW	Any data transfer can take place in a
	serialized way.
IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_TRANSFERFRAMES	Transfer frames are supported for sending
	or receiving.
	🗹 Note:
	See the CTMTransferUnit and
	CTCFransferUnit classes for more
	information.
IODEVICE_DATASERVICE_SOURCEPACKETS	The data exchange can take place on the
	basis of source packets.
	🗹 Note:
	See the CTMUnit and CTCUnit classes for
	more information.



I/O Device Driver Capabilities (continued)

IODEVICE_PROTOCOL_PFLP	The I/O device driver supports the Packet
	Front-End Link Protocol (PFLP).

virtual CString GetDetails() CONST

Gets details about the I/O device driver which are displayed as a tool-tip.

Return Value:

Returns additional information about the I/O device driver as a string.

virtual INT EnumConnections(CStringArray &szComputers) CONST virtual INT EnumConnections(CStringArray &szComputers, CTimeTagArray &tConnectTimes, CTimeTagArray &tLastUseTimes, CDWordArray &cbInBytes, CDWordArray &cbOutBytes) CONST

Returns all server/client connections currently handled by the I/O device driver.

Mote:

If the I/O device driver is configured to act as a server, this procedure returns all client connections; when operating in client mode it enumerates only the one to the server.

Parameters:

szComputers

Contains the name of the connected peer in the format:

Peer Nameend-of-line IP Address (Peer name and IP address separated by a '\n')

tConnectTimes

Contains the time when the connection was established.

tLastUseTimes

Contains the time when the connection was used for the last time.

cbInBytes

Contains the number of KB received on the connection.

cbOutBytes

Contains the number of KB sent on the connection.

Return Value:

Returns the number of connections enumerated.



virtual BOOL AbortConnection(LPCTSTR pszComputer,CONST CTimeTag
 &tConnectTime)

Aborts the connection to the peer with the IP address pszComputer by the I/O device driver.

Parameters:

pszComputer

Contains the IP address of the peer to which the connection should be aborted in a dotted string format (e.g. 195.74.165.216).

tConnectTime

Specifies the establishment time of the connection to be aborted.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the connection was aborted successfully; FALSE if not.

virtual BOOL IsLocal() CONST

Checks if the I/O device driver is connected to a local device i.e. if the data received is generated locally (e.g. by a simulator).

🗹 Note:

This function is intended to be used to check for a simulator data generation device.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the I/O device driver is connected to a local device; FALSE if not or if the device driver it not open.

virtual BOOL Copy(CONST CIODevice *pDevice)

Copies the I/O device driver.

Parameters:

pDevice

Contains a pointer to the I/O device driver to be copied.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the copy was successful; FALSE if not.

virtual BOOL Compare(CONST CIODevice *pDevice) CONST

Compares the I/O device driver with another one.



Parameters:

pDevice

Contains a pointer to the I/O device driver to be compared with.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if both I/O device drivers are identical (including their configuration); FALSE if not.

virtual BOOL Map(CByteArray &nInfo) CONST

Serializes the I/O device driver.

Parameters:

nInfo

Contains the I/O device driver data in a serialized format.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the serialization was successful; FALSE if not.

virtual BOOL Unmap (CONST CByteArray &nInfo) CONST

De-serializes data previously serialized with the Map procedure.

Parameters:

nInfo

Contains the I/O device driver data in a serialized format.

Return Value:

Returns TRUE if the de-serialization was successful; FALSE if not.





4. Software Prerequisites

The Microsoft® Visual Studio® 2010 or higher is required as well as the **SatView[™] Data** I/O Device Driver Development Kit (DDK) which is available for free for all customers of BINARY SPACE.

5. Samples

The SatView[™] Data I/O DDK contains a complete implementation of an I/O device driver for the ENERTEC TT&C 3801 device.

